



SIERRA MADRE NEWS



PUBLISHED WEEKLY

SIERRA MADRE, LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30., 1918

VOL. XII, NO. 48

LIGHT VOTE CAST AT PRIMARY ELECTION

With complete returns on the primary election very slow in coming in, the following appear to be certainly nominated on the various tickets:

For Governor:

William D. Stephens, Republican and Progressive.

James Rolph Jr., in lead for the Democratic nomination but cannot qualify because he failed to receive nomination of his own party. If Heney who is next highest cannot be substituted as the party nominee, the Democrats will have no candidate unless one is put up by petition as an independent candidate.

For Lieut. Governor:

C. C. Young, Republican.

Jo V. Snyder, Democrat.

Congress, 9th District:

Montaville Flowers, Republican.

Charles H. Randall, Democrat and Prohibition.

Assemblyman, 69th District:

Henry W. Wright, Republican.

Supervisor, 1st. District:

John J. Hamilton, incumbent, will be opposed by Prescott F. Cogswell, J. L. Mathews being eliminated.

Supervisor, 2nd District:

J. H. Bean elected, defeating E. J. Delorey, incumbent.

Supervisor, 3rd District:

Miles Gregory or F. E. Woodley probably elected.

For Sheriff:

John C. Cline re-elected.

For Assessor:

Ed W. Hopkins re-elected.

Superior Judges:

All thirteen candidates will go on the ballot for the November election, there being seven justices to be filled.

Justices of the Peace:

R. W. McDonald and Benjamin Strang elected, there being no opposition to the incumbents.

Quiet in Sierra Madre

Tuesday was one of the duller election days Sierra Madre has seen. There was no activity except a little electioneering for Stephens, Flowers and Woolwine. There was no sign of organized work.

Full returns from Sierra Madre by precincts are printed in omitting a few scattering votes and those cast for men who were not candidates for the offices named.

EFFECT OF DRAFT ON RED CROSS

President Wilson Wishes No Interference With Its War Work

President Wilson has expressed the hope that all Red Cross workers within the draft ages—18 to 45—will "continue to render service unless and until specifically called to other and more important duty." In answer to a letter from Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, in which the effect of the proposed new draft ages upon the Red Cross personnel was set forth, the President embodied the above statement, adding: "As the American Red Cross is such an important auxiliary to our armed forces, and is also extending relief not only to our people at home but to the peoples of the nations associated with us who are suffering as a result of the war, I hope that every man connected with the work either at home or abroad will have a full appreciation of its importance."

SCHOOL TO OPEN ON MONDAY SEPT. 23

Sierra Madre schools will open on Monday, September 23.

The faculty for the coming year will be evenly divided between new and old members, with four of each.

The teaching force will be made up as follows, the grades being in order from the top on down:

Keith M. Walker principal, Miss Bertha Carson, Miss Elizabeth Prickryl, Miss Emily Pow- Gertrude Hdalealdy stb. si-e r ell, Miss Yerdia Appleby, Miss Gertrude Hadley, Mrs. K. M. Walker, Kindergarten, and Miss Jean McCullough, domestic science.

Miss Prickryl succeeds Miss Goudy, Miss Powell succeeds Miss Gardner, Miss Hadley succeeds Mrs. Finley and Miss McCullough succeeds Mrs. Miller.

SUGAR CARD PLAN TO BE USED HERE

Additional Check on Sugar Purchases to Secure More Equitable Distribution

The Food Administrator for Sierra Madre, Col. W. H. Holabird, has decided after conference with directors from other communities, to use the card system for the more equitable distribution of sugar.

There being no money provided by the government for the printing, the merchants will doubtless be perfectly willing to provide the cards at their expense.

When these cards are ready the Food Administrator will make a rule that sugar will not be sold except upon the presentation of the sugar card, and not then if the purchases have exceeded two pounds per person per month.

For canning and preserving, the consumer can get the signed order from the woman's director. The second 25 pounds may be had if the housewife can show that the first 25 pounds has been used solely for canning purpose.

Mrs. Nourse is acting woman's director, in the absence of Mrs. E. W. Camp.

At a conference of local food directors with the state officials, Col. Holabird says that the card system was reported to be in use and giving excellent satisfaction in a number of communities.

GREAT QUANTITY OF FRUIT PUT UP Farmerettes Have Done Great Work at Domestic Science Building

Sierra Madre's farmerettes, since returning from field work, have continued their good work by taking charge of the fruit saving work which has been so successfully carried on at the domestic science building of the assisted by a large blkpu shrdl public school. They have been assisted by a number of other ladies, and have enjoyed the co-operation of many citizens who furnished fruit and vegetables. The total cash outlay has been \$6.30, indicating to what extent the work has been one of real conservation.

Among the things put up are Canned apricots, unsweetened, apricot butter, crab, peach and fig jam, crystallized figs for the Christmas boxes for the boys, canned peaches and prunes, tomato paste for soup, green beans salted, 6 gallons of vinegar. Today they are working on

Result of Primary In Sierra Madre

REPUBLICAN—	Precinct	1	2	3	Total
Office					
For Governor—					
J. O. Hayes		1	3	3	7
James Rolph Jr.,		7	3	18	28
William D. Stephens		23	29	35	87
Walter Bordwell		5	19	9	33
Charles M. Fickert		1	6	1	8
Lieutenant Governor—					
Arthur H. Breed		2	5	6	13
Joseph A. Rominger		15	35	32	82
Jo V. Snyder		2	2	5	9
C. C. Young		15	10	10	35
Secretary of State—					
Frank C. Jordan		28	53	50	131
Controller—					
John S. Chambers		27	52	49	128
Treasurer—					
Friend Wm. Richardson		28	52	47	127
Attorney General—					
U. S. Webb		28	51	53	132
Surveyor General—					
W. S. Kingsbury		26	47	52	125
Member State Bd. of Equalization, 4th District—					
Phillip D. Wilson		17	28	27	72
Jeff McIlvaine		10	16	15	41
Congressman, 9th District					
Montaville Flowers		18	38	39	95
W. C. Mushet		3	5	10	18
Samuel W. Odell		5	3	5	13
Charles H. Randall		9	10	11	30
James W. Reagan		—	—	1	1
Member of Legislature, 69th District—					
John C. Stick		18	36	26	80
Henry W. Wright		13	15	23	51
DEMOCRATIC TICKET—					
Governor—					
Thomas Lee Woolwine		2	10	10	22
Francis J. Heney		10	12	8	30
James Rolph Jr.		—	—	2	2
Lieutenant Governor—					
Jo V. Snyder		10	10	14	34
Congressman, 9th District—					
Robert M. Shearer		2	5	3	10
Charles H. Randall		11	13	10	34
James W. Reagan		1	—	6	7
Member of Assembly, 69th District—					
Henry W. Wright		—	7	1	8
John C. Stick		—	—	2	2
NON-PARTISAN OFFICES—					
Associate Justice Supreme Court, Full Term—					
Curtis D. Wilbur		52	77	67	196
Thomas J. Lennon		25	27	37	89
William G. Lorigan		10	23	27	60
Assoc. Justice, Court of Appeals—					
William P. James		31	61	57	149
Judge of the Superior Court—					
L. H. Valentine		32	46	36	114
Charles Wellborn		44	62	59	165
Thomas P. White		21	26	36	83
Walton J. Wood		25	38	43	106
John M. York		41	63	55	159
Russ Avery		37	42	29	108
H. L. Bradford		5	7	14	26
Frederick W. Houser		41	52	47	140
Paul J. McCormick		37	59	58	154
James C. Rives		29	42	43	114
Henry J. Stevens		20	31	33	84
Chaim Shapiro		4	4	3	11
Orfa Jean Shontz		11	31	37	79
Judge of Superior Court, Unexpired Term—					
Dana R. Weller		32	43	40	115
Justices of the Peace, Pasadena Township—					
Robert W. McDonald		30	45	42	117
Benjamin C. Strang		25	40	34	99
SCHOOL—State Supt. Public Instruction—					
Will C. Wood		12	19	15	46
Edward Hyatt		9	21	13	43
Mark Keppel		28	35	45	108
Sheriff—					
Perry A. Howard		4	7	4	15
James Albion Walton		13	7	7	27
Robt. T. Brain		3	8	9	20
Samuel L. Browne		7	9	5	21
John C. Cline		30	51	40	121
Assessor—					
Ed W. Hopkins		39	50	67	156
R. H. Norton		10	6	14	30
Supervisor, First District—					
Prescott F. Cogswell		16	29	22	67
John J. Hamilton		26	36	35	97
James Lewis Mathews		10	16	17	43

tomatoes, and next Tuesday will be devoted to figs and anything else which is brought in.

Most of the things put up are to be given to the Red Cross chapter. A portion will be given to the school domestic science department for the use of the building.

A shipment of 800 cases of supplies made by the Red Cross Chapters in the Pacific Division were landed in Loghorn, Italy, March 1, at a time when sorely needed by that stricken people. This efficiency on the part of the transportation department has been highly commended.

SIERRA MADRE BOYS IN THICK OF FIGHT AND MORE GOING IN ALL THE TIME

Word has been received from Sgt. Harvey Steinberger that he will come home soon for a visit, and he will thus be the first of the Sierra Madre boys who have seen service at the front to come home. He is now on the Atlantic Coast. No word has yet been received to indicate why he was sent back to America, only the telegrams to his parents telling of his arrival and prospective visit being received from him.

Plans are already under way for a public reception for Sgt. Steinberger, it being the intention of Mayor Mitchell to have the various civic organizations of Sierra Madre participate.

Sends Home German Mask

C. M. Clark has received a curious trophy from his son, Robert L. Clark, Co. E. 117th Engineers. It is a German gas mask. It had never been worn, but was taken by Bob from a German mask factory in the district taken from the Huns in the recent drive, in which the 117th Engineers were used as infantry in the fighting.

The mask is a curious contraption of leather and tin, with eyes of a preparation similar to celuloid but which, it is said, does not become steamed up as do the masks worn by the Allied troops. These little windows are sometimes broken or eaten away by chemicals, so the tin container in which the mask is carried has a tight compartment in which are carried a supply of surplus discs.

At bottom of the mask bag is a tin cylinder containing an absorbent material which is saturated with chemicals which neutralize the noxious gas and through which the air passes to supply the wearer of the mask. The straps with which the mask is carried and those which hold it on the head are woven of what appears to be a grass fibre, but which is said to be a paper fabric.

"ALL IN IT."

The following letter was received this week by the News from Corp. Raymond Adelmeyer of E Company, 117th Engineers. It was dated July 21, but postmarked August 5:

Dear Mr. Morgridge and Friends of Sierra Madre:— No doubt the people of Sierra Madre and particularly those who are so closely connected to boys in E Company, are wondering what part we are playing in the big onslaught that is yet in full swing.

Take my word and I am pleased to say we were all in it from start to our departing to other parts. We all knew it was coming and knew when it was going to come, so was more or less prepared.

On the night of the 14th at 12:10 the strings were pulled and every gun in Germany and France (so it seemed) flashed and thundered. They constantly roared 'til eleven the next morning and then quieted down some, but still we knew there was a war.

At five we were ordered to move to other parts not far off, but it was about the hottest walk I ever want to take. I can't understand how we ever got thru without being wiped off mother earth, but luck sure was with us

and we came thru without a scratch.

Then we were ordered to take our position in the trenches as infantry and that sure did take some of the pride out of us.

I should like to tell you all but just haven't the time, but every Sierra Madre boy did his very best along with the rest and is patting himself on the back for what he did.

Our united love to all, from the boys of Sierra Madre.

RAYMOND ADLEMEYER

At the Front Now

Paul Carter, who was reported in last week's News to be at an American camp in England is now in France, where he has been assigned to the 6th Field Artillery, one of Gen. Pershing's crack regular army units. Last spring when the 143d Field Artillery was leaving Camp Kearney for the practise march to Los Angeles, Paul passed up the trip to grasp an opportunity to leave Camp Kearney with what was known as Camp Kearney Automatic Replacement Division, in the hope of a quick trip to France. He remained in England only two weeks before being given a permanent assignment which came pretty near to realizing his ambition, while his old division, the 4th, was still in America. He writes:

"We have been assigned to one of the best outfits over here. The division is Gen. Pershing's crack organization. The th F.A., are regulars and have certainly made a reputation. It certainly seems good to be over here where they are doing things. I would rather be a buck private here any day than an officer in America."

Mrs. George Hope has received word that her son, Mervyn Hope, has been advanced to the grade of Regimental Sergeant Major, assigned to the headquarters detachment at Camp Greene, N.C.

Fred Larson, who has a cabin at Roberts Camp and is well known to frequenters of the Big Santa Anita, has arrived over seas.

Harold L. Costello is the latest of the Sierra Madre boys to enter the service. According to word received by his mother, Mrs. Cora Costello, he left his home in Wasco, Kern County, crack division. The 6th F. A., to go to Camp Lewis Monday.

Burton Bovard, well known to many Sierra Madre people and a nephew of Miss Alice Tufts, is a member of an American surgical team which was honored with a special citation for distinguished services during the German drive in the spring. Miss Tufts has received a copy of the citation, approved by Major Gen. Thompson, commanding the First British Army, to which the 18th General Hospital is attached.

The special services were rendered at a casualty clearing station close behind the front. This is the first citation given to any American team from this general hospital, which has been at the front a year. The team is composed of two doctors, one nurse and three surgeon's assistants. The number of operations performed in the short period referred to was 337.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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Sierra Madre Office, 4 N. Baldwin
Tues., Thurs., Sat., 11 to 12:30
Telephone Main 60
Pasadena Office, Dodworth Bldg.
Colorado and Fair Oaks
Hours 2 to 4 Telephone FO 353
Residence 72 W. Alegria Main 111

GEORGE W. GROTH
Physician and Surgeon
Osteopath
Blue 144 N. Baldwin

MARCIA A. PATRICK, M.D.
Tues. and Fri., 10-11 A.M.
Office 138 W. Central Ave.
Phone Blue 35
(Office of Dr. Mackerras)

ELLA SHEPARD BUSH
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Lady Assistant

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FROM YOUR UNDERWEAR
to your collar, we use infinite pains
in every branch of our

LAUNDRY WORK

We not only please men, but women's and children's fine lingerie can be entrusted to us without fear of any unsatisfactory results.

MONROVIA LAUNDRY COMPANY
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Sierra Madre Phone Green 85

News Liners

WANTED, by Japanese, day work, garden work, house work or ranch work, 8 hours for \$2.50. Phone Black 29. 50*

Goldberg will pay the highest prices for metal, rubber, sack and all kinds of junk. Phone Black 142. 42tf

LOST: Gold pendant ear ring, set with small red stone. Finder please return to Fraiberg's Jewelry store and receive reward. 48

PLENTY OF COAL
FOR SIERRA MADRE

The Sierra Madre Feed and Fuel Company has just received another carload of coal so will be well supplied for the coming winter. Now is the time to place your order for delivery before the rush begins.

LOCAL CLEANINGS

Mr. W. A. Evans and son Joe, are spending the week at Big Bear Lake.

Miss Lucille Sparks and Miss Mabel Breninger spent last week at Redondo Beach.

Miss Mamie Welsh is the guest of her brother, Mr. Thomas Welsh of San Francisco.

Miss Gladys Walker was the guest of Miss Francis Rawlings-ton at Long Beach last week.

Miss Thelma Nuhn of Pasadena was the guest of Miss Margarette Preston several days this week.

Miss A. J. Johnson of Long Beach, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Adams for several days.

Miss Gladys Walker is spending the week with Misses Coralie and Burnadette Brown of Los Angeles.

Miss Ellen Preston was the guest of Miss Bernadine Moore and Mrs. Tom Foster of Los Angeles last week end.

Mrs. F. B. Seeley and daughter Mattie returned Thursday after a delightful two week's outing at Catalina Island.

Rev. John Gilbert Blue returned to his home in Pasadena on Thursday after spending two weeks at Bella Vista Terrace.

Mrs. C. D. May and daughters Misses Gladys and Miriam of Hollywood were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gray on Sunday.

Prof. and Mrs. E. T. Pierce, Mrs. Vora Maull and daughter Katherine, returned on Tuesday after spending seven weeks at Santa Barbara.

In order to be near to her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Wells who is ill in Pasadena, Mrs. Florence Stewart, with the Wells children, has removed to Pasadena for a few weeks.

Max Colwell, Gordon McMillan, Chas. Klunk, Harry Caskey, Frank Foster, Marshall Wyvell and Mrs. V. E. Calwell were guests of Mr. J. W. Fowler of Oneanta Park Wednesday evening.

Grandpa William H. Scott of West Montecito Ave., is as proud as a girl with a soldier beau on each arm. The reason is a visit from Mrs. F. T. Scott and three kiddies who came to stay awhile and see that he behaves himself.

Ernest Kirby, accompanied by a friend from the Submarine Base at San Pedro, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Kirby, this week. Ernest is the second son of the Kirbys to enlist in the Navy, both brothers being in the executive offices at the base.

MICKIE SAYS

SAY, FOLKS! WHEN YOU WRITE PIECES FOR THE PAPER, FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE, SIGN YOUR NAME TO 'EM SO THE BOSS WON'T THROW 'EM ON THE FLOOR FOR ME TO PICK UP. HE SAYS AN UNSIGNED LETTER AINT ANY BETTER THAN AN UNSIGNED CHECK!



OUR HONOR ROLL

WITH THE STARS AND STRIPES

RAYMOND ADELMAYER
LIEUT. RAYMOND D. ANDREWS
SIMON W. ASHTON
DON BAXTER
GOSS K. BLACK
SRGT. JOHN BOYD
OLIN BRADFORD
NELSON BROOKS
WADE C. BRUNSON, C.P.O.
LIEUT. CHARLES L. CAMP
PAUL N. CARTER
SRGT. ROY CHANTRY
ROBERT L. CLARK
HAROLD L. COSTELLO
WM. P. DENNISON
CHARLES S. DOWNS
ARTHUR EVANS
SRGT. BUGLER WADE FALLIS
MAURICE GOLDBERG
SAMUEL L. GRAHAM
C. L. GRIGGSBY
SRGT. RAYMOND HEDDERLY
COR. VICTOR C. HILL
FRED HINTON
VINTON HOEGEE
MERVYN HOPE
JOHN D. INMAN-KANE
GUSTAF JANSON
NORMAN B. JENSEN
FRED KEHLET
CECIL C. KELLOGG
ORVAL KELLOGG
ARTHUR B. KIRBY
ERNEST KIRBY
HUBERT LANGTON
COR. HARRY LEAMING
JAMES LESLIE
PAUL LITTELL
H. H. McMILLAN, Pay Clerk
BENJAMIN MEDLEY
ROBERT W. MERRELL
JAMES GEORGE NORRIS
SRGT. LAURANCE B. NOURSE
RALPH ODWARKER
SRGT. JOHN C. OLSEN
HENRY M. OLSEN
SRGT. NORMAN T. OLSEN
CORP. CLYDE PRICE
JACK ROWER
LIEUT. CHAS. W. SCHWARTZ
WM. H. SCHWARTZ
JACOB P. SCHWEICH
WILLIAM SEELEY
HAROLD SHERMAN
SRGT. H. H. STEINBERGER
LAUREL E. STEINBERGER
ROBERT E. STEINBERGER
FRED PHILLIP STRATE
DONALD TARR
SRGT. EARL D. TOPPING
LEONARD C. TUCKER
CHARLES F. VANNIER
LIEUT. GEO. K. WHITWORTH
GAIL WILLIAMS
SRGT. WM. B. WRIGHT
ORVILLE J. YULE

WITH BRITISH FORCES—

ROGER LAURENCE
(Killed in action April 9, 1918)
F. R. C. FENTON

Buy War Savings Stamps

MODERN DENTISTRY AT MODERATE PRICES

Skill alone is not sufficient, but skill combined with Patience and Sympathy.

DOCTOR HAWKINS

Ten Years in Practice

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Woman's Club House

Saturday Evening, Oct. 31, 8:00

PARAMOUNT PICTURES

GERALDINE FARRER

— IN —

"Joan the Woman"

Eight Reels and an Additional Reel
of Wax Pictures

Admission 10 and 15c

MONSTROUS IDEA IN GERMAN MIND

Treachery, Murder, Barbarity,
Anything, Praiseworthy if for
Prussia's Gain.

Abominable System That Must Be
Overthrown If the World Is to Be
Worth Living In, Regardless
of the Cost.

This I have seen. I could not believe it unless I had seen it through and through. For several weeks I lived with it; I went all about it and back of it; inside and out of it was shown to me—until finally I came to realize that the incredible was true. It is monstrous, it is unthinkable, but it exists. It is the Prussian system.—F. C. Walcott.

At a conference of field men of the United States food administration held in Washington, F. C. Walcott pictured conditions as he had found them in the countries invaded by German arms. Mr. Walcott served with Mr. Hoover on the Belgium relief commission when this nation was attempting to feed the starving civilian population of Belgium, Poland and northern France. In his address he had pictured such conditions as he said he could not believe unless he had seen the situation through and through, and had lived with it for weeks. He showed these terrible conditions to be the result of deliberate plans on the part of official Germany, and in summing up he said:

"Such is the German mind as it was disclosed to me in several weeks' contact with officers of the staff. Treaties are scraps of paper, if they hinder German aims. Treachery is condoned and praised, if it falls in with German interest. Men, lands, countries are German prizes. Populations are to be destroyed or enslaved so Germany may gain. Women are Germany's prey, children are spoils of war. God gave Germany the Hohenzollern and together they are destined to rule Europe and, eventually, the world—thus reasons the Kaiser.

"Coolly, deliberately, officers of the German staff, permeated by this monstrous philosophy, discuss the denationalization of peoples, the destruction of nations, the undoing of other civilizations, for Germany's account.

"In all the world such a thing has never been. The human mind has never conceived the like. Even among barbarians, the thing would be hushed. The mind can scarcely grasp the fact that these things are proposed and done by a modern government professing a Christian government in the family of civilized nations.

"This system has got to be rooted out. If it takes everything in the world, if it takes everyone of us, this abomination must be overthrown. It must be ended or the world is not worth living in. No matter how long it takes, no matter how much it costs, we must endure to the end with agonized France, with imperiled Britain, with shattered Belgium, with shaken Russia.

"We must hope that Germany will have a new birth as Russia is being reborn. We must pray, as we fight against the evil that is in Germany, that the good which is in Germany may somehow prevail. We must trust that in the end a Germany really great with the strength of a wonderful race may find its place as one of the brotherhood of nations in the new world that is to be.

"The responsibility of success or failure rests now upon our shoulders; the eyes of the world are anxiously watching us. Are we going to be able to rise to the emergency, throw off our ineffectuality, and prove that democracy is safe for the world?"

In the above statement Mr. Walcott has described a condition that must be changed if America, if the world, is to remain a "fit place to live in." And the only way by which this change can be effected is the defeat of German arms in this war. Nothing good, nothing but evil, can come out of Germany, so long as the German people are controlled by a military autocracy, and the German people cannot be made to realize this until this autocracy is crushed. The spirit of militarism that has made of the Germans a robber and a murder nation must be utterly crushed if the world is to remain free, and to accomplish this those of us who cannot fight in France must lend our support to our men who are fighting for us.

FLIER IS MADE CHEVALIER

Guymer's Friend and Pupil Has
Seven Victories to His
Credit.

Paris.—Sous-Lieutenant Bozon-Verdaz, recently made a chevalier of the Legion of Honor, following his seventh officially recorded aerial victory, was the intimate friend and pupil of Guymer.

He accompanied Guymer September 11, 1917, when the latter met his fate. His one thought since, it is asserted, has been to avenge the great ace. One of the new chevalier's feats was to shoot down three planes in four hours. He was a cavalryman until transferred to the air service.

PAY CASH and SAVE MONEY

NORRIS' CASH STORE

REDUCE THE HIGH COST OF LIVING—

Buy OLEOMARGARINE and save a third on your Butter Bill, the lb36

NUT OLEOMARGERINE made from Coconut Oil and Peanut Oil, the lb38

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY ONLY—

Best Creamery Butter, the lb.....58

Cottoline, 1lb 10-oz. can, only50

National Cocoa, 1 lb pkg.23

Ginger Snaps, the lb19

Macaroni, 3 pkgs. for25

—FRESH MEATS—SMOKED MEATS—

EVERYTHING CLEAN AND SANITARY

TRY OUR SWEET PICKLE CORN BEEF—IT'S DELICIOUS.

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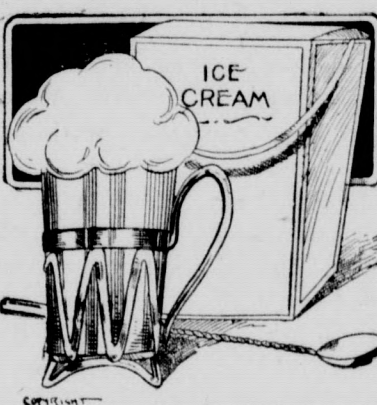
CASH BEATS CREDIT

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STORE CLOSED ALL DAY
MONDAY, SEPT. 2, LABOR DAY



We Serve
CHRISTOPHER'S QUALITY
ICE CREAM

in Sterilized Glasses and Spoons

Bulk Ice Cream at
60c the Quart

**SIERRA MADRE
PHARMACY**

F. H. HARTMAN, Prop.
Phone Black 25 Prompt Delivery

FOR SALE

Foothill, Sierra Madre, 10-room Bungalow. Beautifully located. Glorious view of Valley and Mountains. Everything strictly modern. Grand living room, five bedrooms, two bathrooms, instantaneous water heater, exceptionally convenient garage. Property free of incumbrances. Built October, 1917.

W. H. HOLABIRD

273 Sturtevant Trail, Sierra Madre

Phrenological.

An odd reminder, says the Independent, of the days when phrenology was popular as a means of "reading character," with a sly dig at the tendency of its professors to give complimentary explanations of the "bumps," is found in a letter from Elizabeth Barrett Browning advertised for sale in a London bookseller's catalogue. It reads in part: "Do you believe in phrenology? Did you ever consult a phrenological oracle? and did it answer, 'My son, thou art invincible?'"

Knife Pickwick Handled.

There is a first-rate anecdote in Mr. J. J. Hissey's book, "Gossip of the Road," concerning the popularity of Dickens—or Pickwick. One of the two, but which one? Mr. Hissey was staying at the Angel, in Bury St. Edmunds, and was reflecting aloud on the fact that Mr. Pickwick was supposed to have stayed there, when his host indignantly exclaimed: "Supposed! This, sir, is the very inn where he stayed. I've the very carving knife that Mr. Pickwick used when he was here." Christian Science Monitor.

Remembered Diagnosis.

When Sophie was nine years old she was not feeling well and had what she thought a great deal of pain. The doctor was called and he said: "Oh, you're all right; those pains are just growing pains." A few days later a friend of the family called and inquired of Sophie how she was feeling. "Oh," she said, "I am better, but still growing."

Might Be Welcome.

Wife—"John, there's a draught coming in the window." Debt-harassed husband—"Who from?"—Boston Transcript.

MASONIC LODGE MEETING

Stated meeting of Sierra Madre Lodge, No. 408, F. & A.M., Tuesday evening, Sept. 3. Important business.

REGULAR SERVICES AT ASCENSION CHURCH

Rev. F. W. Goodman has returned from his vacation, spent at Carmel-by-the-Sea, and the full services at the Church of the Ascension will be held next Sunday, Sept. 1. These will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30, Sunday School at 9:45, and a second celebration of the Holy Communion with sermon at 11:00 a.m.

BETHANY CHURCH

Dr. Rawlings, who has been absent from Bethany church for two months, will again occupy the pulpit next Sunday. Mr. Hummel of Covina, who has been filling Dr. Rawlings' place, is to go to Central America as a missionary, leaving many warm friends found during his period of service in Sierra Madre.

REST ROOM FOR LADIES PROVIDED AT GARAGE

The Sierra Madre Garage has provided a cosily furnished rest room for ladies. Comfortable chairs, a desk for writing, etc are provided and the convenience will doubtless be greatly appreciated by strangers in town and also by Sierra Madre ladies who may have occasion to make use of it.

Mr. W. E. Farman returned home Tuesday after spending three months in Everett, Wash.

OFFICIAL FOOD NEWS

Issued by
U. S. Food Administration for California

A drive against food profiteers and unreasonable prices throughout the state has been launched by the United States Food Administration for California, with the organization of the necessary machinery to check against profiteering.

Fifteen inspectors will be on the job in the territory outside the large cities while additional inspectors will operate here. They will investigate complaints of excessive prices on both licensed and unlicensed commodities, and report them to food administration headquarters for direct action. The administration will have the active cooperation of all county food administrators, in addition to the women directors of conservation in the various districts.

For the present at least, fair price lists will not be published in California, but individual cases of profiteering will be brought under the law with the result, food officials believe, that any tendency toward unjustifiable prices will be nipped in the bud.

Sufficient warning has been given dealers, and conviction in each case hereafter will be followed by the drastic penalties prescribed in the food control bill.

The co-operation of the public is urgently requested in the anti-profiteering crusade. Every housewife is asked to report to the nearest food administrator cases of excessive charges levied against her, presenting, if possible, tags showing quantity and price of the goods purchased. Immediate investigation will be made. Those reporting are urged to be absolutely sure of the facts in each case.

As the result of a quiet investigation in San Francisco within the past few days, more than 25 grocers will be called upon to explain their prices.

To Housewives: Conditions change so rapidly that it is not always easy to keep up to date with the United States Food Administration. A little summary of the latest news on the food question will be given to you occasionally.

Sugar

The most patriotic thing that anyone can do right now is to use at most only two pounds of sugar a month, and less if possible. Use as much as desired of honey, syrups, sorghum, molasses, maple products, fruits — dried and fresh.

A limited amount of sugar will be allowed the housewife for canning. Surplus fruits and vegetables should be preserved in some manner. Canning drying, fermentation processes.



HUNGER
For three years America has fought starvation in Belgium. Will you eat less — wheat — meat — fats and sugar — that we may still send food in ship loads?

UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION

are all to be encouraged. Fruit may be canned without sugar. Fruit juices may be bottled and saved for jelly-making until sugar is more plentiful. Other sweeteners besides sugar may be used in canning, jelly and jam making.

Wheat

From all indications the wheat harvest will be large. But this should not mislead our people. In time of plenty we must lay up reserve supplies. No person should use more than six pounds of wheat flour or wheat products per month, and the restrictions on service of wheat in restaurants are still in force.

We have been able to tide over times of great difficulty and today the acute food crisis is past. There will be a better loaf for the Allied nations, and greater meat supplies.

That those who dare all must share all is the growing conviction of America. In fact, as the President said, speaking of the Allied nations, "We are eating at the common table with them." Although there are some individual sugar bowls scattered here and there on this table, the family bowl into which America and the Allies must dip is the Western Hemisphere; for Java is out of reach, and the beet fields of Europe either lie inside the German lines or their production has been cut down by German invasion.

Early-Day Buttons.

The ancients lacked buttons—one wonders, indeed, how they got along without them, but evidently they possessed studs of modern pattern, such as those with which we fasten our cuffs and collars. And, in truth, they did even have a kind of button (though not sewn on), which fastened garments with a pin and hook exactly in the way our brooches and clasp pins operate.—Exchange.

The Honor Ration

A careful survey of the sugar situation has prompted the Food Administration to drop the individual sugar ration from three to two pounds a month.



month. Two pounds per person for household purposes will put us on a level that England tries to maintain. The French ration is one and one-half pounds, and the Italian one pound; but it is not always possible to assure these quantities.

This honor ration, with the additional allowance for canning, can be made to go around; and when our people understand the "whys" they will be willing to put the sugar campaign through with the same spirit with which they tackled wheat.

Why a Shortage

Those who recall the sugar shortage last fall know that before the end of the year there was a practical exhaustion of supplies in home, store, factory and bakery, leaving little carry over as a starter for 1918. The mere filling of this void took up most of the surplus of new sugar coming in. Then, too, the production from the American beet and Louisiana cane crops has been disappointing and the yield in Porto Rico has likewise been smaller than anticipated.

The imperative call for ships for the movement of troops and their supplies has materially reduced the amount of sugar from distant sources. Added to this already difficult situation, the quantity needed by the Army and Navy greatly exceeds earlier expectations. There must be no counting of spoonfuls for our troops or holding back even on the candy they want. The best we have and all we have is not too much to offer them. Remember that for soldiers on the battle front sugar and candy is by no means a mere luxury, as it is to a large degree with us at home. Sugar is necessary for them to supply the energy they must quickly gain for the heavy work of fighting.

We find also that an increased amount of sugar must be sent to France and Italy to take the place of that lost as a result of the German and Austrian invasions, during which much beet land was overrun and many factories destroyed. Under agreements we are to supply certain quantities of sugar to neutral nations; and finally over fifty million pounds were lost recently through submarine sinkings off our Atlantic coast. To sum it all up, we must accept the situation and push on to victory.

Saving the Fruit

Most of the industries using sugar have had their supplies cut in half, and the situation is so serious that only the utmost conservation will put us through. Women are urged to go ahead with their canning, sugar or no sugar. Fruit can be canned with the hot water pack or fruit juice pack and sweetened when opened, or cooked to a pulp, canned and made into jam later. This is a little more trouble, but every American woman wants to share in the great work of building up the food reserves, for reserves mean victory. Each jar on the home shelf frees another commercially packed can for the Army. Save the fruit crop! It will not be easy, but it must be done.

The New Sugar Crop.

The first beet sugar will reach the market in October and will continue to arrive until the end of the year. This sugar will probably not be distributed farther east than Buffalo, Louisiana came will commence coming in about the middle of November and the Cuban crop about the middle of December. This sugar comes on the market gradually and the distribution is necessarily slow.

America faced the wheat crisis, cut household consumption to 50 per cent of normal, and exported 141,000,000 bushels of wheat. This wheat was the salvation of the Allies, and each individual who helped has the right to the consciousness of duty well done. What has been done with wheat must be done with sugar.

Some Shade in All Lives.

Persons who foolishly conclude that life is all sunshine and roses will when they least expect it, be rudely awakened from this pleasant dream. Each one of us has a certain work to do, certain cares and responsibilities to contend with, and if we think that the Fates are going to spare us from anything that savors of trial or anxiety, a gigantic surprise is in store for us.

URGED TO SLAY AND SPARE NOT

German Soldiers Incited to Acts of Cruelty by General Von Bissing.

'EMANATION OF HIGH KULTUR'

Governor General of Belgium in Record as Declaring the Innocent Must Suffer With the Guilty—Irvine Cobb's Tale of Horrors.

The horrors deliberately and systematically inflicted upon the people of Belgium by the German soldiers, under the orders of their commanding officers, are shown in all their hideousness by official documents and the testimony of eye-witnesses, as well as by letters written by German soldiers in the field. The brazen effort of Emperor William to cast the odium of the fearful deeds on the Belgians is also shown. Quotations given are from documents already made public or in the possession of the government at Washington.

This interview was reproduced in the Berliner Tageblatt of November 20, 1914.

Mr. F. C. Walcott of the Belgian relief commission tells in the Geographical Magazine for May, 1917, of meeting Gen. von Bernhardt:

"As I walked out, Gen. von Bernhardt came into the room, an expert artilleryman, a professor in one of their war colleges. I met him the next morning, and he asked me if I had read his book, 'Germany in the Next War.'"

"I said I had. He said: 'Do you know, my friends nearly ran me out of the country for that?' They said, 'You have let the cat out of the bag.' I said, 'No, I have not, because nobody will believe it.' What did you think of it?"

"I said, 'General, I did not believe a word of it when I read it, but I now feel that you did not tell the whole truth,' and the old general looked actually pleased."

Speaking on August 29, 1914, at Munster, of the extreme measures which the Germans felt obliged to take against the civil population of Belgium, Gen. von Bissing said:

"The innocent must suffer with the guilty. . . . In the repression of infamy, human lives cannot be spared, and if isolated houses, flourishing villages, and even entire towns are annihilated, that is assuredly regrettable, but it must not excite ill-timed sentimentality. All this must not in our eyes weigh as much as the life of a single one of our brave soldiers—the rigorous accomplishment of duty is the emanation of a high kultur, and in that, the population of the enemy countries can learn a lesson from our army."

Officers Encouraged Atrocities.

Gen. von Bissing, after his appointment as governor general of Belgium, repeated in substance the above opinion to a Dutch Journalist. The interview is published in the Dusseldorfer Anzeiger of December 8, 1914.

Irvin S. Cobb states his conclusions on the responsibility of the higher German command for the atrocities:

"But I was an eyewitness to crimes which, measured by the standards of humanity and civilization, impressed me as worse than any individual excess, any individual outrage, could ever have been or can ever be; because these crimes indubitably were instigated on a wholesale basis by order of officers of rank, and must have been carried out under their personal supervision, direction, and approval."

"Taking the physical evidence offered before our own eyes, and buttressing it with the statements made to us, not only by natives, but German soldiers and German officers, we could reach but one conclusion, which was that here, in such and such a place, those in command had said to the troops: 'Spare this town and these people.' And there they had said: 'Waste this town and shoot these people.' And here the troops had discriminatedly spared, and there they had indiscriminately wasted, in exact accordance with the word of their superiors."—Irvin Cobb, Speaking of Prussians, New York, 1917, pp. 32-34.

Hoodwinked German People.

These ideas, then, were systematically impressed upon the military and official classes. It was necessary, however, to work upon the minds of the German people, so that they might lend themselves to the inhuman policies advocated by the military leaders. To do this was difficult, for, as has been shown often, many of the civilian leaders of public opinion, time and again, expressed their horror of the new spirit which was animating the military authorities. The reichstag debates give ample evidence of this, and the task of the military leaders would have been still more difficult if the reichstag had any real power. (See War Information Series No. 3, "The Government of Germany;" see also Gerard's "My Four Years in Germany," chapter 2.)

The military authorities and those in sympathy with them have done all in their power to stimulate a hatred of other peoples in the minds of the Germans. A campaign of education be-

fore the war was carried on with the object of impressing upon the minds of the Germans the treacherous nature of the peoples against whom the military leaders were anxious to wage war. Not only were the Germans gradually led to believe that it was necessary to fight a defensive war against unscrupulous foes, but also that these foes would violate every precept of humanity, and consequently must be crushed without mercy as a measure of self-defense. The fruits of this campaign of suspicion and hatred became evident when almost at the outbreak of the war many Germans became possessed with the belief that the whole population of Belgium, the first country to be invaded, had violated every rule of honorable warfare, that the franc-tireurs (guerrillas) were everywhere present doing their deadly work in secrecy or under the cover of darkness; that women and even children were mutilating and killing the wounded or helpless prisoners.

Extract from a letter written by a German soldier to his brother. (This letter, now in the possession of the United States government, was obtained for this pamphlet from Mr. J. C. Grew, formerly secretary to the United States embassy at Berlin.)

"November 4, 1914.

"The battles are everywhere extremely tenacious and bloody. The Englishmen we hate most and we want to get even with them for once. While one now and then sees French prisoners, one hardly ever beholds French black troops or Englishmen. These good people are not overlooked by our infantrymen; that sort of people is mowed down without mercy. The losses of the Englishmen must be enormous. There is a desire to wipe them out, root and all."

Urged to Kill Without Pity.

Extract from another letter to a brother:

Schleswig, 25. 8. 14 (Aug. 25, 1914).

"Dear Brother, . . . You will shortly go to Brussels with your regiment, as you know. Take care to protect yourself against these civilians, especially in the villages. Do not let anyone come too near. They are very clever, cunning, fellows, these Belgians; even the women and children are armed and fire their guns. Never go inside a house, especially alone. If you take anything to drink make the inhabitants drink first, and keep at a distance from them. The newspapers relate numerous cases in which they have fired on our soldiers whilst they were drinking. You soldiers must spread around so much fear of yourselves that no civilian will venture to come near you. Remain always in the company of others. I hope that you have read the newspapers and that you know how to behave. Above all have no compassion for these cut-throats. Make for them without pity with the butt-end of your rifle and the bayonet."

"Your brother, WILLI"

The emperor gave his sanction to the reports of the brutal acts of the Belgians in a telegram to President Wilson.

"Berlin, via Copenhagen, Sept. 7, 1914. 'I feel it my duty, Mr. President, to inform you as the most prominent representative of principles of humanity, that after taking the French fortress of Longwy, my troops discovered there thousands of dum-dum cartridges made by special government machinery. The same kind of ammunition was found on killed and wounded troops and prisoners, also on the British troops. You know what terrible wounds and suffering these bullets inflict and that their use is strictly forbidden by the established rules of international law. I therefore address a solemn protest to you against this kind of warfare, which, owing to the methods of our adversaries, has become one of the most barbarous known in history. Not only have they employed these atrocious weapons, but the Belgian government has openly encouraged and long since carefully prepared the participation of the Belgian civil population in the fighting. The atrocities committed even by women and priests in this guerrilla warfare, also on wounded soldiers, medical staff and nurses, doctors killed, hospitals attacked by rifle fire, were such that my generals finally were compelled to take the most drastic measures in order to punish the guilty and to frighten the bloodthirsty population from continuing their work of vile murder and horror. Some villages and even the old town of Loewen (Louvain), excepting the fine hotel de ville, had to be destroyed in self-defense, and for the protection of my troops. My heart bleeds when I see that such measures have become unavoidable and when I think of the numerous innocent people who lose their home and property as a consequence of the barbarous behavior of those criminals. Signed, William, Emperor and King.'"

"GERARD, Berlin."

Lorenz Muller in the German Catholic Review, Der Feis, February, 1915, made the following statement in regard to the emperor's telegram:

"Officially no instance has been proven of persons having fired with the help of priests from the towers of churches. All that has been made known up to the present, and that has been made the object of inquiry concerning alleged atrocities attributed to Catholic priests during this war, has been shown to be false and altogether imaginary, without any exception. Our emperor telegraphed to the president of the United States of America that even women and priests had committed atrocities during this guerrilla warfare on wounded soldiers, doctors and nurses attached to the field ambulances. How this telegram can be reconciled with the fact stated above we shall not be able to learn until after the war."



Why You Should Save

When you spend money, you pay for somebody's services and you pay for the material that is used to make the article you buy. If you buy things with your money that are actual necessities, you are spending your money in the right way; but if you buy things you do not need, you are taking the labor and material used in producing these unnecessary articles and are thereby preventing the use of such labor and material in behalf of our fighting force. It is therefore necessary to save in order to protect our Army and to win this war.

Where To Buy Stamps.

United States War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps are for sale at post offices, banks, stores, and many other agencies. Inquire at the office of your own concern or at the nearest post office or bank.

Let a Company of Savers Back Every Company of Soldiers.

JOIN A WAR SAVINGS SOCIETY

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NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE

Sheriff's Sale No. B64134.

Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure and Sale.

S. B. Crocker, Plaintiff, vs. Swan Nelson, Anna Nelson, R. B. Aitchison, Carrie M. Aitchison, et al, Defendants.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California on the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1918, in the above entitled action, wherein S. B. Crocker, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Swan Nelson, Anna Nelson, et al defendants, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1918, for the sum of Six hundred five and 54-100 (\$605.54) Dollars gold coin of the United States which said decree was, on the 14th day of August A. D. 1918, recorded in Judgment Book 437 of said Court, at page 307, I am Commanded to sell all those certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of Pasadena, County of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given, that, on Monday the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1918, at 12 o'clock M. of that day in front of the Court House door of the County of Los Angeles, Broadway entrance, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash — old coin of the United States.

Dated this 29th day of August 1918.

JNO. C. CLINE,

Sheriff of Los Angeles County. By W. T. Osterholt, Deputy Sheriff. Geo. Pierson, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Your Suit!

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PRESSING and DYEING

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CLAUD HARRIMAN

Red 64 10 N. Baldwin

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER EXECUTION

Sheriff's Sale No. B57202

Thompson, Plaintiff, vs. Farnsworth, Defendant.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, wherein William Thompson, plaintiff, and Minnie S. Farnsworth, defendant, upon a judgment rendered the 8th day of April, A.D. 1918, for the sum of Six hundred fifty-three and 50-100 (\$653.50) Dollars, lawful money of the United States, besides costs and interest, I have levied upon all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, Minnie S. Farnsworth, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in the City of Pasadena, County of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

That portion of lots 24 and 25, block E, Fair Oaks Avenue Tract, in the City of Pasadena, as per map recorded in book 11, at page one (1) Miscellaneous Records of Los Angeles County, more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the most westerly corner of said lot 24, thence northerly along the westerly line of said lot 25, twenty-five feet, thence easterly and parallel with the northerly line of said lot 24, and prolongation thereof 172 33-100 feet to the easterly line of said lot 25, and thence southerly along the easterly line of said lots 24 and 25, to the most northerly corner of the land conveyed by Anna K. Knox and E. F. Knox to A. A. Warren, by deed dated February 21st, 1906, recorded in book 2577 at page 198 of deeds, records of Los Angeles county, California; thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of said land so conveyed 159 69-100 feet, to the westerly line of said lot 24, thence westerly along the westerly line of said lot 24, twenty-five feet, to the place of beginning.

Public notice is hereby given, that I will, on Tuesday, the 10 day of September, A.D. 1918, at 12 o'clock M., of that day, in front of the Court House door of the County of Los Angeles, Broadway entrance, sell at public auction, for lawful money of the United States, all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, Minnie S. Farnsworth, of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient to satisfy said Judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder.

Dated this 15th day of August, 1918

JNO. C. CLINE,

Sheriff of Los Angeles County. By W. T. Osterholt, Deputy Sheriff. A. K. Hancock, Plaintiff's Attorney.

46-49

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2 1/4-lb. can of Dill Pickles.....	18c
1-qt. bottle Pure Cider Vinegar.....	12c
Sardines in Peanut Oil—2 for.....	25c
1/2-lb. can Salmon (pink).....	15c
1/2-lb. can Tuna.....	18c
1/2-lb. can Salmon (Fancy Red Alaska).....	20c
Dried Beef (small glass).....	15c
Sauerkraut (large cans).....	10c
Fancy Lye Hominy—2 for.....	25c
Burt Olney's Ketchup.....	19 & 20c
1-lb. can Crisco.....	36c
3-lb. can Crisco.....	1.00
1 1/2-lb. can Karo Syrup.....	17c
Hershey's Cocoa.....	9 & 19c
Shinola.....	10c
Shoe Polish (liquid)—2 for.....	25c
Three P. S. Beans.....	15c

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NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE

Sheriff's Sale No. B59841

Order of Sale and Decree of Foreclosure and Sale

Concepcion O. Sesma, Plaintiff, vs. Ella M. Westphal (formerly named Ella M. Connelly), O. F. Westphal, William E. McKinney, Harry S. Fondersmith and Sidney J. Parsons, the last three as Executors of the last will and testament of John G. McKinney, deceased, William E. McKinney, Harry S. Fondersmith and Sidney J. Parsons, the last three as Trustees of the trusts created by the last will and testament of John G. McKinney, deceased, William E. McKinney, Ida S. McKinney, Harry S. Fondersmith, Sidney J. Parsons, Miriam McKinney, Harriet J. Harlan, James E. Harlan, Mary V. McKinney, Clinton L. White, Herbert E. White and Edith M. White, Defendants.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, of the State of California, on the 15th day of July A. D. 1918, in the above entitled action, wherein Concepcion O. Sesma, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Ella M. Westphal, (formerly named Ella M. Connelly), O. F. Westphal, William E. McKinney, et al., defendants, on the 2nd day of July A. D. 1918, for the sum of Ten thousand five hundred eighty-two and 10/100 (\$10,582.10) Dollars gold coin of the United States, which said decree was, on the 6th day of July A. D. 1918, recorded in Judgement Book 442 of said Court, at page 163, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of Sierra Madre, County of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

All that parcel of land, situate in the City of Sierra Madre, in the County of Los Angeles, State of California, and known and described as the south half of the west half of Lot Number Seventeen (17) of the Sierra Madre Tract, according to the map thereof recorded in Book 4 of Miscellaneous Records at pages 502 and 503, in the office of the County Recorder of said County, and bounded north by Highland Avenue, South by Central Avenue and West by Sunnyside Avenue; containing ten acres of land, but subject to the right of way over a strip of land of the uniform width of 30 feet on the north side of said parcel and Highland Avenue, and over a strip of land of the uniform width of 30 feet on the west side of said parcel, and Sunnyside Avenue. Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given, that, on Tuesday the 20th day of August, A. D. 1918, at 12 o'clock M. of that

Sierra Madre Directory

CITY OFFICIALS

Board of Trustees: Chairman, Robert Mitchell, W. H. Holabird, W. J. Saunders, N. W. Tarr, Tasker M. Webster.

City Clerk, E. F. Ballou.
Treasurer, Carlton J. Pegler.
Marshal and St. Supt., A. M. Udell.
Asst. Water Supt., John C. Dickson.
Recorder, W. H. Stubbins.
Board of Health—Dr. R. H. Macker-ras, Chairman; John C. Dickson, Secretary; J. A. Osgood, A. N. Adams, Mrs. H. S. Wright.
Mrs. Amelia Jensen, Municipal Nurse and Acting Health Officer.

BOARD OF TRADE—Meets first Monday at 8 p. m., in City Hall. President, Robert Mitchell; Vice-President, K. M. Ham, Jr.; Directors: C. J. Pegler, W. W. Felgate, C. C. Wilson, W. H. Holabird, C. W. Forman. Secretary, J. N. Hawks; Treasurer, F. W. Nuetzel.

FRATERNAL

SIERRA MADRE LODGE NO. 408, F. & A. M.—Stated meetings first Tuesday in each month. All visiting Masons welcome. Masonic Hall, Club House West Central. C. J. Pegler, W. M., W. S. Hull, secretary. SIERRA MADRE CHAPTER O. E. S. NO. 299.—Meets first Monday of each month in Masonic Hall, West Central Ave., at 8 p. m. Visiting members welcome. Miss E. Steinberger, W. M. Mrs. Edna Bassett, Secretary.

SIERRA MADRE POSTOFFICE

Mail Received and Distributed

East and West

From East: 8:30 a.m., 10:20 a.m., 5:00 p.m. (local only).
From West: 8:30 a.m., 10:20 a.m., 3:15 p.m.

Outgoing Mail Closes

West Bound East Bound
9:20 A.M. 9:20 A.M.
4:20 P.M. 2:15 P.M.
4:20 P.M. 4:20 P.M.

Delivery, Stamp, Registry and Money Order Windows open week days only, from 7:00 A. M. to 6:00 P. M. except during distribution of incoming mails.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

SIERRA MADRE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY—Central Ave., between Lima and Park. Open each weekday from 1:30 to 5:30 and from 7 to 9 p. m. Mrs. F. B. Wheatly, Librarian. Municipal Library Board—George B. Morgridge, Mrs. E. T. Pierce, Mrs. L. E. Steinberger, H. J. Potter, J. A. Osgood.

day in front of the Court House door of the County of Los Angeles, Broadway entrance, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interests and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash gold coin of the United States.

Dated this 25th day of July, 1918.

JOHN C. CLINE,

Sheriff of Los Angeles County.
By W. T. Osterholt, Deputy Sheriff.
J. R. Scott, Esq., Plaintiffs' Attorney

THE SIERRA MADRE NEWS

GEORGE B. MORGRIDGE - Editor and Publisher
An Independent Newspaper devoted to the dissemination of local news and to the development of Sierra Madre

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Subscription \$2.00 Yearly, in Advance
Single copies 5 cents; 50 cents a dozen

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Post Office at Sierra Madre, Cal.

Offices Room G, Kersting Place, Opposite Pacific Electric Station

Telephone Black 42 (Either System)

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF THE CITY OF SIERRA MADRE

EDITORIAL CHAT

THE FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

The biggest financial achievements of a nation accustomed to big finances, the first three Liberty Loans, are to be eclipsed by the Fourth Liberty Loan. The coming loan will be at least twice as large as the third loan and perhaps larger, dependent upon whether it is finally decided to call for six or eight billion dollars.

No matter what amount it is, we, the general patriotic Americans, only know that six or eight billion dollars is needed and that we will raise it.

Germany's people, faltering at home as their soldiers are faltering beneath Foch's blows in the field, only raised enough in their last loan, we are told, to pay interest on previous war levies. Turkey's last feeble effort before she quit the Central Powers, was to raise twelve million dollars of a proposed \$32,000,000 loan.

America, summoning its latent financial strength for a task unprecedented in history, will answer with confidence to the call from Washington for whatever sum is set at this time.

Real sacrifice of many comforts will be the means by which many American families swell their purchase of Fourth Liberty Loan bonds. Those who service flags bear a star of gold will not be inclined to sympathize deeply with those who complain at slight economies in the interest of war funds.

Those who stay at home can make no sacrifice comparable with that which those who go on board ship for overseas duty may be called upon to make at any moment.



THERE ARE A FEW LIKE THIS

Sign over a Chicago bar: "Our country—may she always be wet! But our country, wet or dry."

Swatting the Food Slacker

Everett True, noted patriot, joins United States Food Administration in drive on conservation shirkers



Drawn By A. D. Condo of Newspaper Enterprise Association.

An agreement has been entered into by the American Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. regarding a definite division of activities in Europe, so there will be no misdirected effort and the strength of each organization will be 100 per cent efficient.

Miss Lucille Sparks is the guest of Miss Lindel Michener, of Pasadena this week.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION (EPISCOPAL)

Corner of Baldwin and East Laurel Ave. The Rev. F. W. Goodman, Rector. Services during August: Celebration of the Holy Communion, 7:30 a.m.

Miss Mabel Olsen returned on Saturday from a week's outing at Hoegge's Camp.

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